

9. $\frac{13}{48} = ?$

(A) $\frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{16}}}$ (B) $\frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{8}}}$

(C) $\frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{8}}}}$ (D) $\frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4}}}}$

10. If a, b, c, d are interger (पूर्णांक), then a + b + c + d = ?

$$\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{d}}}} = \frac{29}{154}$$

- (A) 10 (B) 8
(C) 12 (D) 14

11. What is the simplified value of/ सरल मान ज्ञात करो:

$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{4 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + 2}}} \right) \times \frac{15}{16} \div \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 2 \frac{1}{4} - \frac{3 + 4}{3^3 + 4^3}$$

- (A) $\frac{6}{13}$ (B) $\frac{8}{13}$ (C) $\frac{5}{13}$ (D) $\frac{4}{13}$

12. If $\frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{y + \frac{2}{z + \frac{1}{4}}}} = \frac{29}{79}$, where x, y and z are natural

numbers, then the value of (2x + 3y - z) is :

यदि $\frac{1}{x + \frac{1}{y + \frac{2}{z + \frac{1}{4}}}} = \frac{29}{79}$ है, जहाँ x, y और z प्राकृतिक संख्याएं

हैं, तो (2x + 3y - z) का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (A) 1 (B) 4
(C) 0 (D) 2

13. If $2 = x + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{2}}}$, then the value of x is equal to :

यदि $2 = x + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{5 + \frac{1}{2}}}$ है, तो x का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।

- (A) $\frac{14}{13}$ (B) 1
(C) $\frac{15}{13}$ (D) $\frac{13}{15}$

14. If a, b & c are positive integer & $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{2}}}} = \frac{16}{23}$

then the average of a, b & c.

यदि a, b और c धनात्मक पूर्णांक हैं और $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{2}}}} = \frac{16}{23}$

तब a, b और c का औसत बताओ।

- (A) 1 (B) 2
(C) 1.33 (D) 2.33

15. If $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}}} = \frac{5}{8}$, then what is the value of

x?

यदि $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}}} = \frac{5}{8}$ हो, तो x का मान क्या है?

- (A) 2 (B) 3
(C) 1 (D) 4

4. The value of $1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{5}}}}$ is /का मान क्या है?

- (A) $\frac{12}{29}$ (B) $\frac{8}{19}$
 (C) $\frac{48}{29}$ (D) $\frac{2}{19}$

SOLUTIONS

1. (A) $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4}}}}}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4}}}}}$
 $= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{9}}}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{14}}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{14}{23}} = \frac{23}{37}$

2. (C) $\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}}}}} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{3}}}} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{4}{3}$

3. (B) $\frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{3}}}}} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{3}}}} = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{2}{3}} = 3$

4. (A) $1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{3}}}}} = 1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{3}{4}}}}$
 $= \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{4}}}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{5}{4}} = \frac{4}{9}$

5. (D) $\frac{1}{3 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 - \frac{1}{4}}}} = \frac{1}{3 - \frac{1}{1 + \frac{4}{7}}} = \frac{1}{3 - \frac{7}{11}} = \frac{11}{26}$

6. (B) $\left[4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4}}}} \right] = \left[4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{4}{9}}} \right]$
 $= \left[4 - \frac{5}{1 + \frac{9}{31}} \right] = \left[4 - \frac{31}{8} \right] = \frac{1}{8}$

7. (C) $\frac{4\frac{2}{7} - \frac{1}{2}}{3\frac{1}{2} + 1\frac{1}{7}} \div \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{5 - \frac{1}{5}}}} = \frac{\frac{30}{7} - \frac{1}{2}}{\frac{7}{2} + \frac{8}{7}} \div \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{\frac{5}{24}}}$
 $= \frac{53}{14} \times \frac{14}{65} \div \frac{1}{2 + \frac{24}{53}} = \frac{53}{65} \div \frac{53}{130} = \frac{53}{65} \times \frac{130}{53} = 2$

8. (C) $x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2}}}}$
 $\Rightarrow x = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{3}}} = 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{3}{5}} = 1 + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{13}{8}$
 So, $2x + \frac{7}{4} = 2 \times \frac{13}{8} + \frac{7}{4} = 5$

9. (D) $\frac{13}{48} = \frac{1}{3 + \frac{9}{13}} = \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{4}{9}}}$

$$= \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{4}}}}$$

10. (D)

11. (D) $\left(1 - \frac{1}{4 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3} + 2}}}\right) \times \frac{15}{16} \div \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } \frac{9}{4} - \frac{7}{27 + 64}$

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Solving 1st column

$$\left(1 - \frac{1}{4 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{3} + 2}}}\right) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{4 - \frac{1}{\frac{7}{5}}}\right)$$

$$= \left(1 - \frac{5}{13}\right) = \left(\frac{8}{13}\right)$$

Using this value in original equation

$$\frac{8}{13} \times \frac{15}{16} \div \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{9}{4} - \frac{7}{91}$$

$$\frac{8}{13} \times \frac{15}{16} \div \frac{3}{2} - \frac{1}{13}$$

$$\frac{8}{13} \times \frac{15}{16} \times \frac{2}{3} - \frac{1}{13}$$

$$\frac{5}{13} - \frac{1}{13} = \frac{4}{13}$$

12. (D) $x = 2, y = 1, z = 5$

$$\frac{29}{79} = \frac{7}{79} = \frac{1}{2 + \frac{21}{29}} = \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{\frac{29}{21}}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{8}{21}}} = \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{\frac{21}{4}}}}$$

$$= \frac{21}{4} = 5 + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$x = 2, y = 1, z = 5$$

$$= 2 \times 2 + 3 \times 1 - 5 = 2$$

13. (C) $2 = x + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{2}{11}}$

$$2 = x + \frac{1}{\frac{11}{11}}$$

$$2 = x + \frac{11}{13}$$

$$x = \frac{26 - 11}{13} = \frac{15}{13}$$

14. (B) $\frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{2}}}} = \frac{1}{\frac{23}{16}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{7}{16}}$

$$\therefore a = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{2}}}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{7}{7}}}$$

$$\therefore b = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{a + \frac{1}{b + \frac{1}{c + \frac{1}{2}}}} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{2 + \frac{1}{3 + \frac{1}{2}}}}$$

$$\therefore c = 3$$

$$\text{Required answer} = \frac{3 + 2 + 1}{3} = 2$$

15. (A) $\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}}}$

on revercing

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}} = \frac{8}{5} \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}} = \left(\frac{8}{5} - 1\right)$$

on revercing

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}} = \frac{5}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{x}} = \frac{5}{3} - 1$$

on revercing

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{x} = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow x = 2$$

16. (C)

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